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Synthesis and Pharmacological Studies on Novel Heterocycles

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ABSTRACT: New 2-(2'-Chloro-benzo[*h*]quinolin-3-yl)-3-phenyl(4"-methoxy phenyl)-6-phenyl-5-carbethoxy-4,5dihydrofuro[2,3-*d*]thiazolidine(**2**) and2-(2'-Chloro-benzo[*h*]quinolin-3'-yl)-3-(4"-methoxy-phenyl)-7-phenyl-2,3dihydrothiazolo[4,5-*d*] pyrimidin-5-ol quinolines(**3**) were synthesized from benzylidenederivatives of quinolinethiazolidinone(**1**). The benzylidene was reacted with ethoxy carbonyl methylene triphenylphosphorane and urea respectively. The synthesised compounds were characterised by IR, NMR, Mass spectral studies. The antibacterial, antifungal and antioxidant activities of the synthesized compounds were studied. The spectral and pharmacological results were to be discussed.

KEYWORDS: Furoquinoline, Pyrimidoquinoline

I. INTRODUCTION

Pyrimidineshave been studied extensively for their broad spectrum of pharmacological activities such as analeptics, sadatives, hypnotics [1, 2], anticonvulsant, anti-inflammatory [3], antimalarial [4], as central nervous stimulant, bronchilators and diuretics, antitumor [5] agents. The pharmacology of Furoquinolines is quite interesting and several Furoquinolinesare reported to possess vasodilating and other therapeutically potential properties. Recently thiazopyrimidines has received considerable attention to their pharmacological studies. Theophylline [6] present in tea leaves, it is used as diuretic and bronchilators. Caffine[7] found in coffee and tea is mildly acting stimulant. Thebenzylidene compounds were as a good intermediate in the synthesis of various thiazolidinone fused heterocyclics such as thiazolopyrimidines, thiazolooxadiazolopyrimidines[8], diazepines[9], pyrimidines[10], and pyrimidinethiones[10], furo and pyrazolinothiazolidinone[7] Derivatives. With this pretext, we aimed to utilize the benzylidene compounds in the synthesis of Furo, Pyrimidothiazolidinones.

II. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Synthesis of 2-(2'-Chloro-benzo[*h*]quinolin-3-yl)-3-phenyl-(4''-methoxyphenyl)-6-phenyl-5-carbethoxy-4, 5-dihydrofuro[2, 3-*d*] thiazolidine2(a-h):-

First the benzylidene intermediate (1) thus obtained was utilized for the synthesis of furoquinolines.

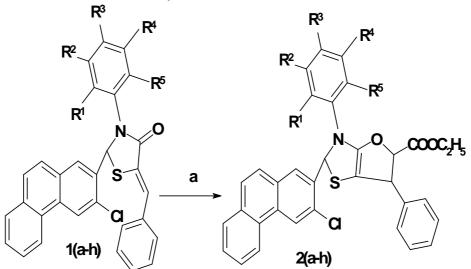
A solution of benzylidene compound 5-benzylidine-2[3'-(2'-chlorobenzo[h]quinolyl)]-3-(4"-methoxyphenyl)-4thiazolidinone (**1a**) (0.0005mol, 0.245g) ethoxy carbonyl methylene triphenylphosphorane (0.0005mol, 0.4474g) in ethyl acetate (50mL) was refluxed for 24h. After evaporation of the solvent, the residue was subjected to column chromatography over silicagel eluted with PE: EA (85:15) gave a white coloured compound which was identified as triphenylphosphine. Further eluatesof PE: EA (75:25) gave yellowish orange crystal with anm.p 161°C. IR spectrum of the compound (**2a**) showed signals at 1718cm⁻¹(COO), 1672 cm⁻¹(C-O-C), 748 cm⁻¹ (C-S-C).

¹H-NMR spectrum of the compound signals at $\delta 1.3$ (t, 3H, CH₂-CH₃), $\delta 4.2$ (unresolved q, 2H, CH₂CH₃) $\delta 3.7$ (s, OCH₃) $\delta 8.1$ (s, 1H, C4'H) $\delta 7.3$ -8(m, 6H) $\delta 7.3$ -7.6(m, 12H). Mass spectrum of the compound peaks at m/z 594.5. Elemental analysis of the compound confirmed to be C₃₁H₁₉O₃N₂SCl. The spectral and analytical data unambiguously attested the compound to be Synthesis of 2-(2' -Chloro-benzo[*h*] quinolin-3-yl)-3-phenyl (4"-methoxyphenyl) -6-phenyl-5-carbethoxy-4,5-dihydrofuro-[2, 3-*d*]-thiazolidine(**2a**).



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The sequence of the reaction was extended to synthesis its derivatives 2(b-h).



a = ethoxy carbonyl methylene triphenyl phosphorane

a) R ¹ = R ² =R ⁴ = R ⁵ =H R3 = OMe	e) R ¹ = R ² = CH ₃ R ³ = R ⁴ = R ⁵ = H
b) R¹= R² =R³=R⁴= R⁵=H	f)R ¹ =R ³ =R ⁴ = R ⁵ =H R ² =OMe
c) R² =R³=R⁴= R⁵=H R¹ = CH₃	g) R ¹ = R ³ = R ⁵ = H R ⁴ = OMe
d) R¹ = R³ = R⁴ = R⁵ = H R² = CH₃	h) R¹ =R³ = CH₃ R² = R⁴ = R⁵ = H

Synthesis of2-(2'-Chloro-benzo[*h*]quinolin-3'-yl)-3-(4''-methoxy-phenyl)-7-phenyl-2,3-dihydrothiazolo[4,5-*d*] pyrimidin-5-olquinolines 3(a-h)

Next we focussed our interest towards the synthesis of pyrimidines and pyrimidine thiol. 3-benzylidine-2[3'-(2'-chlorobenzo[h]quinolyl)]-3-(4"-methoxyphenyl)-4-thiazolidinone(**1a**) (0.0005mol, 0.245g) and urea (0.0005mol, 0.040g) were dissolved in glacial acetic acid (15mL) and anhydrous CH₃COONa

(0.00163mol, 0.1375g) was added. The reaction mixture was heated to reflux for 12h. On cooling, bright yellow crystals appeared gradually. After complete crystallization, the reaction mixture was filtered and recrystallised from glacial acetic acid. m.p 126°C Yield 0.63g(75%).

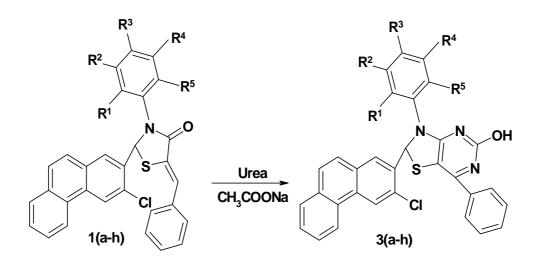
IR spectrum of the compound 3a showed signals at 1033cm⁻¹, 1596 cm⁻¹, 746 cm⁻¹ for C-Cl, C=N,(C-S-C) respectively. ¹H-NMR spectrum of the compound signals at $\delta 4.3$ (s, 3H, OCH₃), $\delta 6$ (s, OH) $\delta 6.8$ -6.9(m, 5H) $\delta 7.2$ -8(m, 12H). Mass spectrum showed m/z peak at 532.5. Elemental analysis of the compound confirmed to be C₃₁H₂₁ON₄ClS. The spectral and analytical data unambiguously attested the compound to be **2**-(2'-Chloro-benzo[*h*]quinolin-3'-yl)-3-(4"-methoxy-phenyl)-7-phenyl-2,3-dihydrothiazolo[4,5-*d*]pyrimidin-5-ol quinolines (**3a**)



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The sequence of the reaction was extended to synthesis its derivatives **3(b-h)**.



a) $R^1 = R^2 = R^4 = R^5 = H R^3 = OMe$	e) $R^1 = R^2 = CH_3 R^3 = R^4 = R^5 = H$				
b) $R^1 = R^2 = R^3 = R^4 = R^5 = H$	f) $R^1 = R^3 = R^4 = R^5 = H R^2 = OMe$				
c) $R^2 = R^3 = R^4 = R^5 = H R^1 = CH_3$	g) R ¹ =R ³ = R ⁵ =H R ⁴ =OMe				
d) $R^1 = R^3 = R^4 = R^5 = H R^2 = CH_3$	h) $R^1 = R^3 = CH_3 R^2 = R^4 = R^5 = H$				

PHARMACOLOGICAL RESULT

The antibacterial antifungal and anti oxidant activity of the synthesized compounds were tested. Antibacterial activities of the compounds were against the bacterias *Escherichia coli* (*E.c.*), *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* (*P.a*)*Vibriocholerae*(*V.c.*)and fungal*Aspergillusniger*(*A.n.*)at various concentrations $100\mu g/L$, $50\mu g/L$, $25\mu g/L$.

		INHIBITION ZONE in mm												
compound	Vibr	iocholeı	rae	Pseudomonas aeruginosa		Escherichia coli			Genta mcin	Aspergillusniger			Clotri mazol e	
	100	50	25	100	50	25	100	50	25	10	100	50	25	10
2a	7	6	7	7	6	6	7	7	6	10.3	-	-	-	15
2c	8	7	7	8	7	7	7	7	6	9.3	10	15	12	17
3a	8	6	6	6	6	7	6	6	6	8.7	12	10	8	18.5
3c	8	7	8	7	6	7	8	7	7	9.5	-	-	-	18



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The table shows the antibacterial activities and antifungal activities of the compounds $2(\mathbf{a}), 2(\mathbf{c})$ and $3(\mathbf{a}), 3(\mathbf{c})$ It was found that the compounds were active against *Vibriocholerae*, *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*, *Escherichia coli* (*E.c.*), and is almost equal to the standard Gentamicin. The compounds $2\mathbf{a}$ and $3\mathbf{c}$ were inactive towards the fungal *Aspergillusniger* and $2\mathbf{c}, 3\mathbf{a}$ were active against the faungal.

ANTIOXIDANT ACTIVITY

DPPH ASSAY

Samples- sample extracts at concentrations (62.5-1000µg) in methanol

S.NO.	CONCN(µg)	Compound 2a	Compound 3a			
1.	62.5	21.03 ± 0.0208	21.03 ± 0.0408			
2.	125	26.36 ± 0.01155	31.58 ± 0.01115			
3.	250	31.58 ± 0.0115	47.37 ± 0.0451			
4.	500	47.37 ± 0.0058	56.14 ± 0.02646			
5.	1000	56.14 ± 0.02646	64.91 ± 0.0462			

Tableshows the antioxidant activity of compounds 2(a) and 3(a). Both the samples show good antioxidant activity. It was found from the table that as the concentration increases the antioxidant activity also increases.

III. EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS

Preparation of 5-benzylidene-2-(2'-Chloro-benzo[*h*] quinolin-3'-yl)-6-phenyl thiazolidine 2(a-h)

A solution of benzylidene compound and ethoxy carbonyl methylene triphenylphosphorane (in ethyl acetate (50mL) was refluxed for 24h. After evaporation of the solvent, the residue was subjected to column chromatography over silicagel eluted with PE: EA (85:15) gave a white coloured compound which was identified as triphenylphosphine. Further eluates of PE: EA (75:25) gave yellowish orange crystals.

Preparation of 5-benzylidene-2-(2'-Chloro-benzo[h]quinolin-3'-yl)-3-(4-methoxyphenyl) thiazolidine4-one 2(a)

A solution of benzylidene compound 5-benzylidine-2[3'-(2'-chlorobenzo[h]quinolyl)]-3-(4"-methoxyphenyl)-4thiazolidinone (**1a**) (0.0005mol, 0.245g) ethoxy carbonyl methylene triphenylphosphorane (0.0005mol, 0.4474g) in ethyl acetate (50mL) was refluxed for 24h. After evaporation of the solvent, the residue was subjected to column chromatography over silicagel eluted with PE: EA (85:15) gave a white coloured compound which was identified as triphenylphosphine. Further eluates of PE: EA (75:25) gave yellowish orange crystals.

2-(2' -Chloro-benzo[h] quinolin-3'-yl)-3, 6-diphenyl-5-carbethoxy-4, 5-dihydrofuro [2, 3-d] thiazolidine 2b

3-benzylidine-2[3-(2-chlorobenzo[*h*]quinolyl)]-3-(phenyl)-4-thiazolidinone:0.4474g (0.00055mol)(**1b**), Ethyl acetate-50mL, Reflux time:24h, mp:260°C, Yield:1.467g(45%), IR (KBr) v_{max} : 1718cm⁻¹(COO), 1672 cm⁻¹(C-O-C), 748 cm⁻¹ (C-S-C). Anal.Calcd. (%) for C₃₃H₂₅O₃N₂SCl (565.04): C, 68.85; H, 4.24; N, 4.72; S, 5.40; found: C, 68.62; H, 4.02; N, 4.61, S, 5.10.



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2-(2'-Chloro-benzo[*h*]quinolin-3'-yl)-3-(2'-methoxyphenyl)-6-phenyl-5-carbethoxy-4,5-dihydrofuro[2, 3-*d*] thiazolidine 2c

5-benzylidine-2[3-(2-chlorobenzo[*h*]quinolyl)]-3-(2'-methoxyphenyl)-4-thiazolidinone:0.250g (0.0005070mol)(**1c**), Ethoxycarbonylmethylene (triphenylphosphorane): 0.1695g, (0.0005070mol), Ethyl acetate-20mL, Reflux time:21h,Temperature: 85°C, mp:136°C, Yield:0.1539g(50%), IR (KBr) v_{max} : 1718cm⁻¹(COO), 1672 cm⁻¹(C-O-C), 748 cm⁻¹(C-S-C). Anal.Calcd. (%) forC₃₄H₂₇O₄N₂SCl (595.06): C, 70.52; H, 4.69; N, 4.83; S, 5.53; found: C, 70.25; H, 4.56; N, 4.76, S, 5.36.

2-(2'-Chloro-benzo[*h*]quinolin-3'-yl)-3-(3''-methylphenyl)-6-phenyl-5-carbethoxy-4,5-dihydrofuro[2, 3-*d*] thiazolidine 2d

5-benzylidine-2[3-(2-chlorobenzo[*h*]quinolyl)]-3-(3'-methylphenyl)-4-thiazolidinone:0.250g (0.0005070mol)(**1d**), Ethoxycarbonylmethylene (triphenylphosphorane): 0.1695g, (0.0005070mol), Ethyl acetate-20mL, Reflux time:22h, Temperature: 85°C, mp:142°C, Yield:0.1508g(49%), IR (KBr) v_{max} : 1718cm⁻¹(COO), 1672 cm⁻¹(C-O-C), 748 cm⁻¹ (C-S-C). Anal.Calcd. (%) for C₃₄H₂₇O₃N₂SCl (579.07): C, 70.52; H, 4.69; N, 4.83; S, 5.53; found: C, 70.25; H, 4.52; N, 4.62, S, 5.26.

2-(2'-Chloro-benzo[*h*]quinolin-3'-yl)-3-(4''-methylphenyl)-6-phenyl-5-carbethoxy-4,5-dihydrofuro[2, 3-*d*] thiazolidine 2e

5-benzylidine-2[3-(2-chlorobenzo[*h*]quinolyl)]-3-(4'-methylphenyl)-4-thiazolidinone:0.220g (0.0004462mol)(**1e**), Ethoxycarbonylmethylene (triphenylphosphorane): 0.1491g, (0.0004462mol), Ethyl acetate-25mL, Reflux time:24h, Temperature: 85°C, mp:146°C, Yield:0.1408g(52%), IR (KBr) v_{max} : 1718cm⁻¹(COO), 1672 cm⁻¹(C-O-C), 748 cm⁻¹ (C-S-C). Anal.Calcd. (%) for C₃₄H₂₇O₃N₂SCl (579.07): C, 69.24; H, 4.48; N, 4.61; S, 5.28; found: C, 69.14; H, 4.24; N, 4.32, S, 5.02.

2-(2'-Chloro-benzo[*h*]quinolin-3'-yl)-3-(2''-methoxyphenyl)-6-phenyl-5-carbethoxy-4,5-dihydrofuro[2, 3-*d*] thiazolidine 2f

5-benzylidine-2[3-(2-chlorobenzo[*h*]quinolyl)]-3-(2"-methoxyphenyl)-4-thiazolidinone:0.200g (0.000392mol)(**1f**), Ethoxycarbonylmethylene (triphenylphosphorane): 0.1313g, (0.000392mol), Ethyl acetate-25mL, Reflux time:22h, Temperature: 85°C, mp:144°C, Yield:0.1196g(49%), IR (KBr) v_{max} : 1728cm⁻¹(COO), 1656 cm⁻¹(C-O-C), 752 cm⁻¹ (C-S-C). Anal.Calcd. (%) for C₃₄H₂₇O₄N₂SCl (595.06): C, 68.62; H, 4.57; N, 4.70; S, 5.38; found: C, 68.53; H, 4.36; N, 4.65, S, 5.22.

2-(2'-Chloro-benzo[*h*]quinolin-3'-yl)-3-(3''-methoxyphenyl)-6-phenyl-5-carbethoxy-4,5-dihydrofuro[2, 3-*d*] thiazolidine 2g

5-benzylidine-2[3-(2-chlorobenzo[*h*]quinolyl)]-3-(3"-methoxyphenyl)-4-thiazolidinone:0.200g (0.000392mol)(**1g**), Ethoxycarbonylmethylene (triphenylphosphorane): 0.1313g, (0.000392mol), Ethyl acetate-25mL, Reflux time:22h, Temperature: 85°C, mp:148°C, Yield:0.1221g(49%), IR (KBr) υ_{max} : 1728cm⁻¹(COO), 1656 cm⁻¹(C-O-C), 752 cm⁻¹ (C-S-C). Anal.Calcd. (%) for C₃₄H₂₇O₄N₂SCl (595.06): C, 68.62; H, 4.57; N, 4.70; S, 5.38; found: C, 68.53; H, 4.26; N, 4.52, S, 5.16.

2-(2'-Chloro-benzo[*h*]quinolin-3'-yl)-3-(4'-methoxyphenyl)-6-phenyl-5-carbethoxy-4,5-dihydrofuro[2, 3-*d*] thiazolidine 2h

5-benzylidine-2[3-(2-chlorobenzo[*h*]quinolyl)]-3-(4'-methoxyphenyl)-4-thiazolidinone:0.180g (0.0003549mol)(**1h**), Ethoxycarbonylmethylene (triphenylphosphorane): 0.1187g, (0.0003549mol), Ethyl acetate-25mL, Reflux time:22h, Temperature: 85°C, mp:148°C, Yield:0.1124g(49%), IR (KBr) υ_{max} : 1728cm⁻¹(COO), 1650 cm⁻¹(C-O-C), 752 cm⁻¹ (C-S-C). Anal.Calcd. (%) for C₃₄H₂₇O₄N₂SCl (595.06): C, 67.46; H, 4.36; N, 4.49; S, 5.14; found: C, 67.14; H, 4.02; N, 4.24, S, 5.02.

Synthesis of 2-(2-Chloro-benzo[h]quinolin-3-yl)-7-phenyl-2,3-dihydrothiazolo[4,5-d] pyrimidin-5-ol 3(a-g)

A solution of benzylidene compound and urea were dissolved in glacial acetic acid (15mL) and anhydrous CH₃COONa) was added. The reaction mixture was heated to reflux for 12h. On cooling, crystals started to form gradually. After complete crystallization, the reaction mixture was filtered and recrystallised from glacial acetic acid.

2-(2-Chloro-benzo[h]quinolin-3-yl)-3-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-7-phenyl-2,3-dihydrothiazolo[4,5-d] pyrimidin-5-ol 3a

5-benzylidine-2[3'-(2'-chlorobenzo[*h*]quinolyl)]-3-(4''-methoxyphenyl)-4-thiazolidinone: 0.202g (0.0004mol), urea: 0.024g (0.0004mol), Glacial acetic acid: 15mL, CH₃COONa:0.137g, IR (KBr) υ_{max} :1033(C-Cl), 1596(C=N), 746 cm⁻¹ (C-S-C).



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¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ ppm: δ 1.3 (t, 3H, CH₂-CH₃), δ 4.2 (unresolved quartet, 2H, CH₂CH₃) δ 3.7 (s, OCH₃) 2.1 (s, 3H, CH₃), δ 8.1(s, 1H, C4'H), δ 7.3-8(m, 6H), δ 7.3-7.6(m, 12H). Anal.Calcd. (%) for C₃₁H₂₁N₄SO₂Cl (548.95): C, 67.82; H, 3.85; N, 5.10; S, 5.84; found: C, 67.96; H, 3.63; N, 5.00, S, 5.77.

2-(2-Chloro-benzo[*h*]**quinolin-3-yl**)-**3-(2''-methylphenyl**)-**7-phenyl-2,3-dihydrothiazolo**[**4**,5-*d*] **pyrimidin-5-ol 3b** 5-benzylidine-2[3'-(2'-chlorobenzo[*h*]**quinolyl**)]-**3-(2''-methylphenyl**)-4-thiazolidinone:0.24g (0.0005mol), urea:0.3g (0.0005mol), Glacial acetic acid:15mL, CH₃COONa:0.137g, mp:146°C, Yield:0.175g(66%), IR (KBr) v_{max} :1033(C-Cl), 1596(C=N), 746 cm⁻¹ (C-S-C).Anal.Calcd. (%) for C₃₁H₂₁N₄SOCl (533.00): C, 69.96; H, 3.79; N, 10.53; S, 6.02; found: C, 69.85; H, 3.73; N, 10.42, S, 6.01.

2-(2-Chloro-benzo[*h*]quinolin-3-yl)-3-(3''-methoxyphenyl)-7-phenyl-2,3-dihydrothiazolo[4,5-d] pyrimidin-5-ol 3c 5-benzylidine-2[3'-(2'-chlorobenzo[*h*]quinolyl)]-3-(3''-methoxyphenyl)-4-thiazolidinone:0.24g (0.00052mol), urea:0.3g (0.0005mol), Glacial acetic acid:15mL, CH₃COONa:0.137g, mp:152°C, Yield:0.1648g(62%), IR (KBr) υ_{max} :1033(C-Cl), 1596(C=N), 746 cm⁻¹ (C-S-C).

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ ppm: δ 1.3 (t, 3H, CH₂-CH₃), δ 4.2 (unresolved quartet, 2H, CH₂CH₃) δ 3.7 (s, OCH₃) 2.1 (s, 3H, CH₃), δ 8.1(s, 1H, C4'H), δ 7.3-8(m, 6H), δ 7.3-7.6(m, 12H). Anal.Calcd. (%) for C₃₁H₂₁N₄SO₂Cl (548.95): C, 69.96; H, 3.79; N, 10.53; S, 6.02; found: C, 69.82; H, 3.75; N, 10.53, S, 6.02.

2-(2-Chloro-benzo[*h*]quinolin-3-yl)-3-(4''-methylphenyl)-7-phenyl-2,3-dihydrothiazolo[4,5-*d*] pyrimidin-5-ol 3d 5-benzylidine-2[3'-(2'-chlorobenzo[*h*]quinolyl)]-3-(4''-methylphenyl)-4-thiazolidinone:0.228g (0.00045mol), urea:0.027g (0.00045mol), Glacial acetic acid:15mL, CH₃COONa:0.137g, mp:156°C, Yield:0.1452g(59%), IR (KBr) ν_{max} :1021(C-Cl), 1590(C=N), 744 cm⁻¹ (C-S-C).Anal.Calcd. (%) for C₃₁H₂₁N₄SOCl (533.00): C, 68.04; H, 3.68; N, 10.24; S, 5.86; found: C, 68.00; H, 3.29; N, 10.04, S, 5.66.

2-(2-Chloro-benzo[*h*]quinolin-3-yl)-3-(2''-methoxyphenyl)-7-phenyl-2,3-dihydrothiazolo[4,5-*d*] pyrimidin-5-ol 3e 5-benzylidine-2[3'-(2'-chlorobenzo[*h*]quinolyl)]-3-(2''-methoxyphenyl)-4-thiazolidinone:0.228g (0.000425mol), urea:0.026g (0.000425mol), Glacial acetic acid:15mL, CH₃COONa:0.137g, mp:146°C, Yield:0.1476g(60%), IR (KBr) ν_{max} :1036(C-Cl), 1590(C=N), 744 cm⁻¹ (C-S-C).Anal.Calcd. (%) for C₃₁H₂₁N₄SO₂Cl (548.99): C, 67.82; H, 3.85; N, 10.20; S, 5.84; found: C, 67.98; H, 3.62; N, 10.04, S, 5.54.

2-(2-Chloro-benzo[*h*]quinolin-3-yl)-3-(3'-methoxyphenyl)-7-phenyl-2,3-dihydrothiazolo[4,5-*d*] pyrimidin-5-ol 3f 5-benzylidine-2[3'-(2'-chlorobenzo[*h*]quinolyl)]-3-(3''-methoxyphenyl)-4-thiazolidinone:0.228g (0.000425mol), urea:0.026g (0.000425mol), Glacial acetic acid:15mL, CH₃COONa:0.137g, mp:162°C, Yield:0.123g(50%), IR (KBr) ν_{max} :1033(C-Cl), 1550(C=N), 744 cm⁻¹ (C-S-C).Anal.Calcd. (%) for C₃₁H₂₁N₄SO₂Cl (548.99): C, 67.82; H, 3.85; N, 10.10; S, 5.84; found: C, 68.00; H, 3.60; N, 10.04, S, 5.72.

2-(2-Chloro-benzo[h]quinolin-3-yl)-3,7-diphenyl-2,3-dihydrothiazolo[4,5-d] pyrimidin-5-ol 3g

5-benzylidine-2[3'-(2'-chlorobenzo[*h*]quinolyl)]-3-phenyl)-4-thiazolidinone:0.24g (0.0005mol), urea:0.03g (0.0005mol), Glacial acetic acid:15mL, CH₃COONa:0.137g, mp:140°C, Yield:0.168g(65%), IR (KBr) v_{max} :1035(C-Cl), 1590(C=N), 744 cm⁻¹ (C-S-C).Anal.Calcd. (%) for C₃₀H₁₉N₄SO₂Cl (518.98): C, 69.43; H, 3.68; N, 10.79; S, 6.18; found: C, 69.43; H, 3.20; N, 10.61, S, 6.02.

IV. CONCLUSION

The utility of 5-benzylidene-3'(2'-chlorobenzo[h]quinolyl-4-thiazolidinones(1) in the synthesis of various novel heterocycles viz., 2-(2'-Chloro-benzo[h]quinolin-3-yl)-3-phenyl(4"-methoxyphenyl)-6-phenyl-5-carbethoxy-4,5-dihydrofuro[2,3-d]thiazolidine(2) and <math>2-(2'-Chloro-benzo[h]quinolin-3'-yl)-3-(4"-methoxy-phenyl)-7-phenyl-2,3-dihydrothiazolo[4,5-d] pyrimidin-5-ol (3) by reacting with ethoxy carbonyl methylene triphenylphosphorane and urea respectively. It was characterized by IR, NMR, and Mass spectral analysis. The antibacterial antifungal and antioxidant activity of the synthesised compounds were found to be active.

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