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A Survey on Mentality about the Student Curriculum Using Weka Tool in Data Mining Technique

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ABSTRACT: Nowadays, The purpose of this study was to mentality about the student and use for evaluating the curriculum quality and teaching. The quality of teaching necessary inside colleges. It is great theoretical and practical through the construction and implementation. The process working for Knowledge Discovery and Database. KDD is referred to as data mining. The data mining technique may improve the competence of educational institution. At the present a day the data in the educational institutions has augmented to large folds .These databases contains a lot of concealed information that can be use for get better student's performance. Should be make the idea through the **questionnaire were then spread among the students and finally collected from them.Each student over following the questionnaire with indolence and according to his our mind set real data embryonic a growth mindset isn't easy, however it is achievable with time and effort. Students develop a growth mindset by recognising with the aim of the brain isn't fixed entity plus that improvements. It can be made through learning new information Growth way of thinking know how to be developed in the class room by providing students with a range of different strategy to help improve the way they study and their ability to cope with pressure.**

KEYWORDS: Data Pre-Processing, Data quality, Clustering Technique

I. INTRODUCTION

In this dissertation, introduces the method of key technology used in the Development rout. It was accumulates and relegates make-believe tale identifies consequential work and mediates it to computing educators and we identify research that gives well-fortified advice to a mind informative and rejuvenate the more impuissant segment students in the institution. Results of these studies give nearby into techniques for using the research process during that different process presaging student performance, compare the precision of data mining clustering algorithm, and demonstrate the implements. Clustering methods are divided into hierarchical and non-hierarchical methods according to the fragmentation technique of clusters. The success of both types of clustering methods varies according to the data set applied. In this study, both types of methods were tested on different type of data sets. Who take part in the educational process could gain by applying data mining on the data from the learning system. Since data mining represents the computational data process from contradictory perspectives, with the goal of excavating in- explicit information from the data, it can greatly avail every participant in the scholastic process in order to understanding the teaching process and it canters on discovering, detecting and expounding educational. The Simple K- means clustering, Hierarchical clustering, DBSCAN, clustering were grouped from related similarities, and analysis and Time Taken to build from



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different cluster mode was experimented performed by **WEKA TOOL.** Each data are significance to mention the particular information. to make the each segment to pre-processing on the prove to variety of results.

What should think the student personality? These are convention to the clustering concept with duration time to taken different type of moderate are concluded. Each category was building the conditioning format on the make the questionnaires conversions. It should also differentiate with the type of student performance and mindset monitoring level. Make the adaptation between the assortments of cluster are monitoring.Important for the emotional status of modern-day college students. College students are a special group, which come up to different regions, and mature in different environments with different cultures. But when they enter the College, facing the same living and working environment, it is very straightforward to make their environment change dramatically, and it is lying on your front to get negative psychological emotion, even nervousness and depression. If such negative emotions long for a time, it will concern the students' learning and life worth. Therefore, a study of the movement of college student's negative emotions and psychological problems of the mining model of the brain has become an important research topic of current.

II. RELATED WORK

In this dissertation a survey on student mentality mention to recovery the our mind set of thinking was easy to make the questionnaire process was each filled up the overview concept on the categorical level on the ration button, a large data set was build to make the pre-processing steps to condition are satisfied the answer on personality about the student think, the it should provide the each category are single group of portioning method was during to make the clustering method. A result give the problem on best solution for variety of category on the level by level technique are evaluated. Finally find the time taken on variety of clustering using to make the assign for data mining techniques as follows. Such as student motivation level, learning techniques used, strategy for preparing for student behaviour and habits, questions chosen for answering and way of expressing ideas may also be responsible for the final mindset on student.

- 1) The importance of the curriculum in improving and colleges form difficult courses of education and training has been increasing a top high level colleges approaches regarding the effectiveness of the components of the curriculum evaluation to make informed
- 2) Decisions regarding the outcomes and future actions relate to reserve,
- 3) Ask questions,
- 4) Welcome challenges and persist in meeting them,
- 5) Make mistakes,
- 6) Be an active and refresh,
- 7) Be inquisitive and seek new knowledge.

III. DATA MINING TECHNIQUE USING WEKA TOOL

Most important to the quality of result the data Pre- processing, Clustering Technique was important. In best quality of data. By the processing the data, data quality can be measures in terms of accuracy, completeness, consistency, timeliness, believability, interpretability.



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WEKA TOOL

Now a days, weka is recognized as a landmark system in data mining and machine learning. it has achieved widespread acceptance with in academia and business circles and has become a widely used tool for data mining research. WEKA TOOL is a set of machine learning algorithm that can be applied to a Large Data set directly. The machine learning method is similar to data mining, its specified to find the patterns, adjust the program's action the different data mining system extract the data. A weka tool give the valuable information from large volumes of data.

IV. PROPOSED WORK

This dissertation proposed a frame work to huge data sources computed to each based on the *student what should ever think?* The data was since collected from my college (**Dr.Ambedkar Government Arts College, vyasarpadi, Chennai-600 039**) and the information was gaining from **Different department and various courses**. There are multiple frameworks to handle the missing value of the noisy data should be measured make the pre-processing performs the variety of steps to improve the KDD. While the data are making the problems can deal with single data sources at instance level. A detecting level make the quality of data in applied the multiple data source of the different department and dissimilar to student performance.

A. DATA PRE-PROCESSING

A full data set was unclear position. So filter to use the step on weka tool for pre processing. That was easy to build the training data in incomplete and noisy. Incomplete in lacking attributes values and lacking attribute of containing errors a incorrectly data was basically wrong but possible to data mining in weka tool for technique in pre-processing major issue are common consideration with different analysis

B. CLUSTERING

Clustering is a process of dividing the data elements into groups which are similar to Each other. Each group is referred to as a cluster that consists of objects that are similar to one another and dissimilar to objects of another group. It is a technique that recognizes different patterns of data. Good clustering techniques will produce a good or a high quality cluster. It helps to analyse large volumes of data visually thus assists in making quick decisions. Clustering groups data instances into subsets in such a manner that similar instances are grouped together, while different instances belong to different groups and the groups are called as clusters.

1) Partition Based Clustering:

All objects are considered initially single cluster. The objects are divided into n of partitions by iteratively locating the points between the partitions. The partitioning algorithms like K-means, K-medoids (PAM, CLARA, CLARANS, and FCM) and K- modes.Partition based algorithms can found clusters of Non-convexshapes.

2) Hierarchical-Based Clustering:

There are two techniques of performing hierarchical based clustering Agglomerative (top-bottom) and Divisive (Bottom-up). In Agglomerative approach, initially one of object is selected and successively merges the neighbour object is selected and then to Successively merges the neighbour objects based on the distance as minimum, and the Maximum and average.

3) Density-Based Clustering:

Data objects are categorized into core points, border points and noise points. All the core points are connected Together based on the densities to form cluster. Arbitrary shaped clusters are formed by various clustering Algorithms. Such as DBSCAN, OPTICS, DBCLASD, GDBSCAN, DENCLU and SUBCLU.



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4) Farthest First Clustering:

Farthest places first is a variant of K means that places each cluster centre in turn At the point further from the existing cluster centres. This point must lie within the data area. This is greatly sped up the clustering in the most cases since less Reassignment and adjustment is needed.

5) Simple EM –Expectation Maximisation (Class): EM assigns a probability distribution to each instance which indicates the probability of it belonging to each of the clusters. EM can decide how many clusters to create by crossvalidation, or you may specify A priori how many clusters to generate.

V. EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS

484 students and 11 departments completed questionnaires both in weeks so our analysis of the effect on mindset attitude is based on this subset. Clustering model among identifier models provides to separate groups according to their calculated similarities by taking into consideration specific characteristics of Data First aim of usage of distance methods is to obtain similarity according to distance between data which is not grouped, which is present in this group. To evaluate the efficiency of the different clustering algorithms, some tests are realized.

| · | | | | | |
|----------|----------------------|---------------------|-------------------|--------------|-------------------------|
| Data set | K mean Clustering | Farthest Cluster | DBSCAN Cluster | EM Cluster | Hierarchical Cluster |
| 124 | 0.05 sec | 0.01 sec | 0.09 sec | 0.07sec | 0.011sec |
| 139 | 0.00067 sec | 0.00078 sec | 0.000489sec | 0.000567 sec | 0.000789 sec |
| 202 | 0.09872sec | 0.00070 sec | 0.000645 sec | 0.000643 sec | 0.000692 sec |
| 239 | 0.00987 sec | 0.00678 sec | 0.000456 sec | 0.000457 sec | 0.000767 sec |
| 332 | 0.0999 sec | 0.00698 sec | 0.000777 sec | 0.000992 sec | 0.006787 sec |
| 407 | 0.0067sec | 0.00567 sec | 0.006782 sec | 0.000567 sec | 0.096787 sec |

Table 1: Time taken to form the respective number of clusters

While performing the tests, six different algorithms were used. How to performing the cluster in time taken to form the respective number of cluster and processing on sum of the squared error mentioned the table 1, and Analysis of algorithms was made on nine different data sets and mentioned the table 2.



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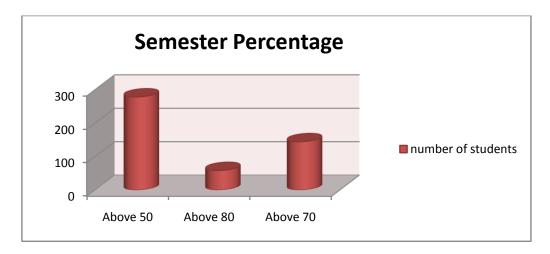
| Data set | # Cluster Instance | K mean Clustering | Farthest Cluster | DBSCAN Cluster | EM Cluster |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| You study at College for the sake | 10 | 0.1651 | 0 | 2189.9 | 1647 |
| Attendance in class | 10 | 0.1031 | 0 | 2189.9 | 1047 |
| room | 7 | 0.2861 | 2241 | 1874 | 2854 |
| Semester percentage | 4 | 4556700 | 789690 | 876500 | 876 |
| Parent visit to college | 7 | 87765 | 0.876 | 9543578 | 907 |
| Ridiculed By Fear | 2 | 9876 | 675438 | 5467 | 987654 |
| College for important | 6 | 78976 | 436700 | 98765 | 657489 |
| Unsure about the future dream | 12 | 0.9876 | 0.333 | 987 | 0 |
| Which term of study is right for you | 6 | 0.6798 | 0.218 | 97 | 7654 |
| Distance between college and home | 8 | 0.7765 | 765490 | 984 | 97654 |

Table 2: Sum of Squared Errors of Clustering Process

EXAMPLE FOR CLUSTERING GRAPHICAL VIEW

Student 'sperformance in Semester Percentage:

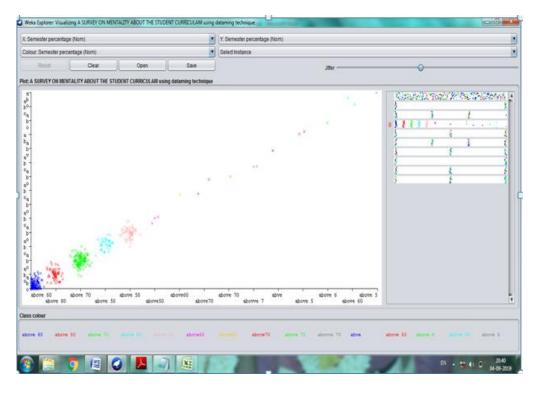
Figures show the results of, A Student's Semester Percentage Figs.(a) Data was Pre-Processing view and using Data mining technique (b) Graphical clustering point in weka tool.





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(b)

VI. CONCLUSION

In this study, different clustering algorithms were compared in terms of processing on Time, sum of squared errors of Different datasets. As a result of this study, It is who Under stood that which category of Student Affect in study. And then another part to improve your Knowledge Study. Algorithm produces more accurate results rather than Differentiate between Two type ways of clustering performed through the result from (**Hierarchical or Non – Hierarchical**). A performance was Assign the group for a Reasoning mainly Study importance. One Group of students in one way part, different Way.(**Interested to Study or not interest to study**).

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