

e-ISSN: 2319-8753 | p-ISSN: 2347-6710

TEDIA

International Journal of Innovative Research in SCIENCE | ENGINEERING | TECHNOLOGY

INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF INNOVATIVE RESEARCH

IN SCIENCE | ENGINEERING | TECHNOLOGY

Volume 11, Issue 6, June 2022

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD SERIAL NUMBER INDIA

Impact Factor: 8.118

9940 572 462

6381 907 438

 \bigcirc



International Journal of Innovative Research in Science, Engineering and Technology (IJIRSET)



| e-ISSN: 2319-8753, p-ISSN: 2320-6710| <u>www.ijirset.com</u> | Impact Factor: 8.118|

Volume 11, Issue 6, June 2022

DOI:10.15680/IJIRSET.2022.1106311

Online Voting System using blockchain Technology: Review

Amit Golande, Vijay Shinde, Siddharth Nade, Abhishek Gaikwad, Prof. B. Shinde

Department of Computer Engineering, Shree Ramchandra College of Engineering, Lonikand, Pune, India

ABSTRACT: India is the world's biggest vote based system with a populace of more than 10million; Casting a ballot is the extension between the represented and government. The most recent couple of years have welcomed a reestablished center around to the innovation utilized in the democratic cycle. The current democratic framework has numerous security openings, and it is hard to demonstrate even basic security properties about them. A democratic framework that can be demonstrated right has numerous worries. There are a few explanations behind an administration to utilize electronic frameworks are to expand decisions exercises and to lessen the races costs. Still there is some extent of work in electronic democratic framework in light of the fact that it is extremely unlikely of distinguishing proof by the electronic democratic framework if the user is credible and getting electronic democratic machine from reprobates. The proposed framework is to build up a viable democratic machine with high security by utilizing Block-chain innovation to expand security and straightforwardness between the users.

KEYWORDS: Block chain, Data Security, Voting System, Voter ID, Vote.

I. INTRODUCTION

Voting, whether traditional ballet based or electronic voting (e-voting), is what modern democracies are built upon. In recent years' voter apathy has been increasing, especially among the younger computer/tech savvy generation. E-voting is pushed as a potential solution to attract young voters. For a robust e-voting scheme, a number of functional and security requirements are specified including transparency, accuracy, auditability, system and data integrity, secrecy/privacy, availability, and distribution of authority. Block-chain technology is supported by a distributed network consisting of a large number of interconnected nodes. Each of these nodes have their own copy of the distributed ledger that contains the full history of all transactions the network has processed. There is no single authority that controls the network. If the majority of the nodes agree, they accept a transaction. Thisnetwork allows users to remain anonymous. A basic analysis of the block-chain technology suggests that it is a suitable basis for e-voting and moreover, it could have the potential to make e-voting more acceptable and reliable.

II. RELATED WORK

This paper [1], proposed secure voting system with fast voting results through RFID based biometric voting system. In this paper, there are two verification steps involved. First, RFID tag is used which contains the verification data which is already stored in LPC 2148. Second, the Fingerprint scanner is used to check whether the RFID is belonging that particular person or not. The drawback of this paper is cost maximized due to use of RFID method.

In this paper [2], used of Aadhaar card provided by UIDAI withQR code present in it. Online instead of offline mode and storing the voting data to secured online server. Results can be displayed by admin after entering user id and password.

The proposed method [3] is to build a Smart voting system using fingerprint recognition technology that allows any voter in INDIA to cast the vote to their respective constituency from anywhere in INDIA by going to their nearest voting booth in the place of stay. Also to develop a secure smart voting system based on biometric recognition. Provides the voter to vote from any region with in India to their Residential Constituency from the nearest Voting Booth with a secure voting process without neglecting to vote.

This paper [4], proposes protected voting system to avoid the unlawful voting. The authentication of an individual is made using biometric and capability of the voter is affirmed using the Aadhaar. In this system the data stored in the Aadhaar card act main criteria for authentication and conformation. The security is provided through biometrics such as

International Journal of Innovative Research in Science, Engineering and Technology (IJIRSET)



| e-ISSN: 2319-8753, p-ISSN: 2320-6710| <u>www.ijirset.com</u> | Impact Factor: 8.118|

Volume 11, Issue 6, June 2022

DOI:10.15680/IJIRSET.2022.1106310

fingerprint. The fingerprint information stored in the Aadhaar is taken as the reference and used for authentication at the time of voting.

Basic electronic machine [5] which is used nowadays has some laggings like multiple vote casting from one member and invalidity of votes are checked automatically. To reduce these disadvantages, the smart automatically processed and fingerprints are used to reduce multiple vote casting in simple way.

This paper [6] has shown the possibility of establishing E-Voting protocol based on public-key encryption cryptosystem. The security of the proposed E-Voting depends on RSA public key encryption protocol. It allows the voter to vote from his/her own personal computer (PC) without any extra cost and effort. This protocol is proposed to replace the unreliable previous voting system, since voters feel justifiably confident that their votes will be counted.

This system [7] provides security from all type of attacks, when vote is travelling from voting client to voting server from their experimentation. These attacks include security threats from passive as well as active intruder. For authentication of voter instead of USERNAME, if we can use thumb impression of voter or capture photo of his/her face and compare it with photo stored in our database, it will be more secure.

In this paper [8], a block-chain-based voting system. It needs time to popularize block-chain for a voting system as it is a novel idea and voting itself is a crucial matter in a democratic country.

The proposed [9] model is more secure than other models and it is suitable for use in major elections on a large scale. After casting a vote with NCVVS system, the voter receives a confirmation email containing the ballot fingerprint (and also the fingerprint of the election) calculated by standard hash function SHA (256) [46].

The proposed work [10] is based on the block-chain technology, which remove all the threats from the communication link. It is a decentralized system, contain hashing and encryption concept for providing the security.

III. EXISTING APPROACH

A lot of work has been done in this field thanks to its extensive use and applications. This section mentions some of the approaches that have been implemented to achieve the same purpose. These works are mainly differentiated from the algorithm for E-voting systems.

The existing machine had security risks that can potentially undermine the election process. In addition to human error; internet e-voting is susceptible to a range of threats such as hacking by domestic and foreign saboteurs, technical glitches, voter impersonation and even system failure.

IV. PROPOSED APPROACH

In our system Block Chain Concepts are applied to Online Voting System when we are developing a Smart E-voting system by taking advantage of block Chain concepts with web interface.

V. CONCLUSION

This paper described, an electronic Voting system for small to medium sized Internet-based public opinion systems that provides privacy of vote, voter's authentication, auditability, security, double-voting prevention, fairness voting device from manipulating the authenticated voters voting choices.

REFERENCES

1. J.Deepika, S.Kalaiselvi, S.Mahalakshmi, S.AgnesShifani, "Smart Electronic Voting System Based On Biometric Identification-Survey", International Conference on Science Technology Engineering Management (ICONSTEM).

2. Ravindra Mishra, ShildarshiBagde, TusharSukhdeve, J. Shelke, "Review on Aadhaar Based Voting System using Biometric Scanner", International Research Journal of Engineering and Technology(IRJET).

3. Girish H S, Gowtham R, Harsha K N, Manjunatha B, "Smart Voting System", International Research Journal of Engineering and Technology (IRJET).

International Journal of Innovative Research in Science, Engineering and Technology (IJIRSET)



| e-ISSN: 2319-8753, p-ISSN: 2320-6710| <u>www.ijirset.com</u> | Impact Factor: 8.118|

Volume 11, Issue 6, June 2022

DOI:10.15680/IJIRSET.2022.1106311

4. K. Lakshmi, R. Karthikamani, N. Divya "Aadhar Card based smart e-voting system", International Journal of Engineering and Advanced Technology (IJEAT) ISSN: 2249 8958, Volume-8, Issue-2S, December 2018.

5. G.Saranya, R.Mahalakshmi, J.Ramprabu, "Smart Electronic Voting Machine surveillance", International Journal of Engineering and Advanced Technology (IJEAT) ISSN: 2249 8958, Volume-8, Issue- 2S, December 2018.

6. Ashish Singh, KakaliChatterjee, SecEVS: Secure Electronic Voting System Using Blockchain Technology, International Conference on Computing, Power and Communication Technologies (GUCON) Galgotias University, Greater Noida, UP, India. Sep 28-29, 2018.

7. CosmasKrisnaAdiputra, RikardHjort, and Hiroyuki Sato, A Proposal of Blockchain-based Electronic Voting System, Second World Conference on Smart Trends in Systems, Security and Sustainability.

8. Jena Catherine Bel.D, Savithra.K, Divya.M, A Secure Approach for E-Voting Using Encryption and Digital Signature, International Journal of Engineering Development and Research.

9. Abhijit J. Patankar, KotrappaSirbi, Kshama V. Kulhalli, "Preservation of Privacy using Multidimensional K-Anonymity Method for Non-Relational Data", International Journal of Recent Technology and Engineering (IJRTE) ISSN: 2277-3878, Volume-8 Issue-2S10, September 2019.

10. Ashraf Darwish and Maged M El-Gendy, A New Cryptographic Voting Verifiable Scheme for E-Voting System Based on Bit Commitment and Blind Signature, International Journal of Swarm Intelligence and Evolutionary Computation.





Impact Factor: 8.118





INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF INNOVATIVE RESEARCH

IN SCIENCE | ENGINEERING | TECHNOLOGY





www.ijirset.com