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 ijrset@gmail.com

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Student Result Management System (SRMS)

Vivek Rajpurohit, Ayush Kumar, Dr. Hradesh Kumar

School of Computer Science and Engineering, Lovely Professional University, Phagwara, Punjab, India

ABSTRACT: Student Result Management System (SRMS) is a website designed to store student results at the institution. On this website, HTML, CSS, and JavaScript are used as advanced tools. The project aims to automate semester results management. as it is a system for the management of computerized test results of student examination records. It will simplify and accelerate outcomes planning, management processes, and activities such as a craft reduction tool, providing us with advanced preparation for both students and administrative authorities to achieve results. The project aims to provide student test results in an effortless way. It works for students and institutions to get results in an uncomplicated way. Being a result analysis that reflects the nature of the subjects and grades helps students to look at the results. A program designed for students whose rights have been granted to students to read and practice their results by providing usernames and passwords for secure access. In the case of new students, the registration system is ready for use, and the guest user has the right to read only. The full results system (SRMS) will be under the control of the administrator or admin and the administrator or admin has full access to write, read, and show the result. The guide or admin also grants Teacher and students access and guest user access rights. The reader can share or publish his or her result.

KEYWORDS: Keywords are HTML, CSS, JAVASCRIPT .

I. INTRODUCTION

The main purpose / objective of this study is to develop and automate the management and publication of student results using a computer system. This document aims to define the overall software requirements for the Student Outcomes Management System (SRMS) and, tries to define conditions to be more robust and accurate. This decision document describes the capabilities set by the System Outcomes Management System (SRMS) software. Find the various issues that the system will comply with. This diagram supplies detailed information on current student results and previous semester. It covers the full details of the students' studies and includes the student's registered number, marks, amount, and rating. It can be accessed by principals who can use the portfolio to analyze results. This portal can also be useful for readers to view their current status.

USERS OF STUDENT RESULT MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (SRMS) SYSTEM

1. ADMINISTRATOR/ADMIN
2. TEACHER/STAFF/FACULTY
3. STUDENTS

i. Administrator/Admin Features/work (privileges)

- Can add / update / display / delete sems.
- Can add / update / show / delete / titles and tags.
- Can create / authorize / disable teacher / student account.
- Can view individual learner results and percentages.
- Can download the result report.
- Can send instructions / notices to all teachers / staff / faculty.
- Can review records.

ii. Teacher/staff/faculty Features/work (privileges)

- Can view a list of students assigned to a moderator.
- Can add / update / display / remove marks for all subjects added by the administrator
- Can generate / download results report.
- Can update profile.
- Can update password

iii. Student Features that he/she can access (privileges)

- You will create an account.



- Can view semester results for all courses anywhere in the world using the Internet.
- Can download reports
- Can update profile
- Can update password

II. PROPOSED WORK

The proposed system has three roles Student, faculty, and Admin. The entire system is used by three roles and managed by the admin. The data stored in the database will be retrieved by the persons who have access to access the data. The admin has full access to the system; The Faculty can access partial information that is viewing Students results and well as analysis of the result. The student has access to view his/her profile and result of their semester.

III. RESEARCH SIGNIFICANCE

The computerized simulation of the current student results management system will have an impact on the way in which it is administered and performed by institutional staff and students who achieve their outcomes. This system will make life easier for all institutions and staff as they will be able to store data much better than they could before. Students will have smart and easy management of their results and will be able to track their progress easily, anywhere, anytime with any device with a good internet connection, and by entering their provided credentials. through their center. Not just for students, but also for teachers / staff and institutional staff in charge of the program. They will be able to keep their data organized and secure in an uncomplicated way. The system will allow teachers to organize students even at home and elsewhere, and then automatically calculate marks, and students can easily access and print them. This prevents teachers from doing all the work themselves and has good working quality and management that can reduce time, efforts, and mistakes and make their lives a little better.

IV. DATA COLLECTION

The method refers to the methods used to obtain and collect all the necessary data and information for the performance of the current study. Data were collected using both, through the main data collection methods and secondary sources. Basic data are all original data collected specially for a specific purpose in mind. And data collected from original sources using one or more basic data collection methods such as, observations, interviews, surveys, etc. (Darian-Smith & McCarthy, 2017 BOOK). In this current research paper, much of the information is collected from primary sources. And the methods that have been used to collect key data are systematic interviews, site reviews, and textual analysis. Secondary data is those that have been collected and analyzed by someone other than the user. This means that big data sets already existing online or elsewhere, can be fully analyzed or ready to be analyzed in new and creative ways. And moreover, many of these data sets are free or available for researchers or users. And for the average reader, doing a second survey with existing data can be easier, easier, faster, and less expensive than trying to do basic research to collect new data (Darian-Smith & McCarthy, 2017 BOOK). And secondary data was collected through thesis and the Internet, books, or the Web.

V. ARCHITECTURAL DIAGRAM

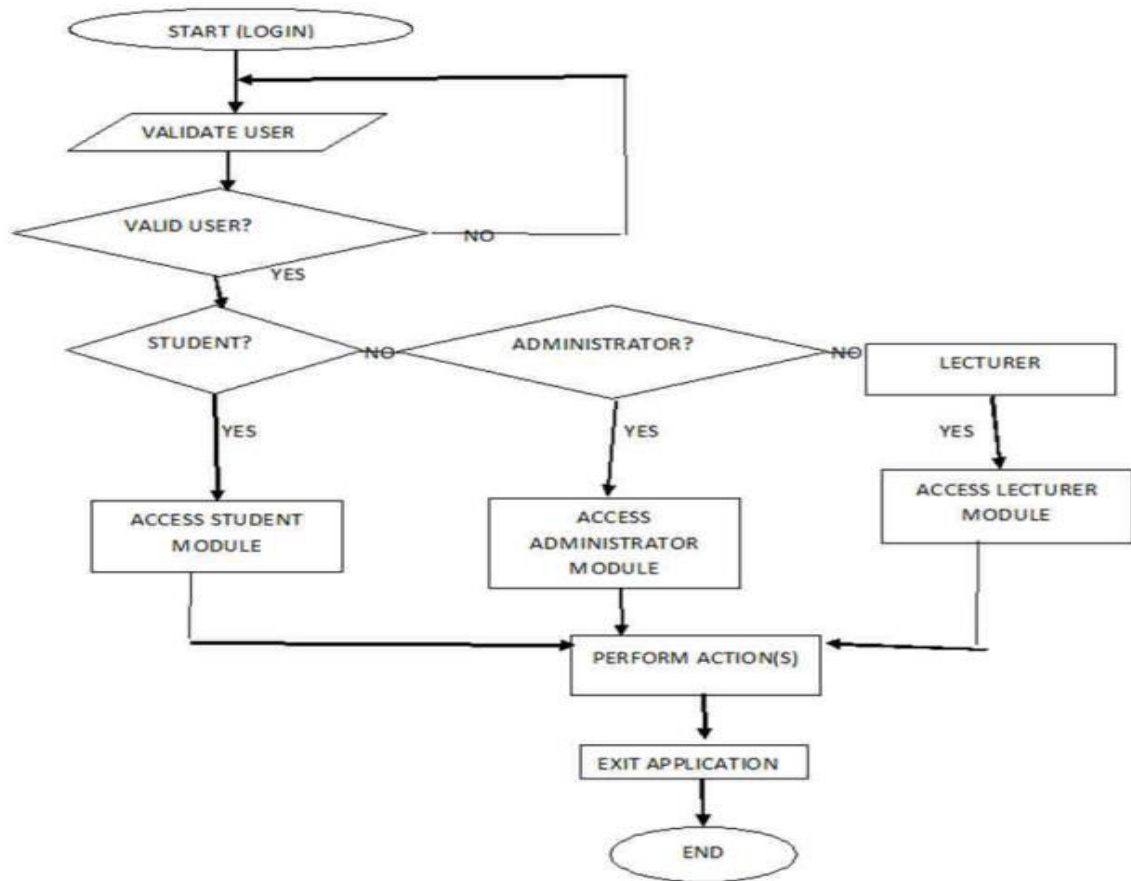


FIGURE 1 ARCHITECTURAL DIAGRAM

Often there are three functions performed in all data: r-Read, w-Write and x-Execute.

This is a SRMS Architectural Diagram diagram, which shows the login function of the system, in which any administrator / teacher / student will be able to login using his login details and after logging in again access his module, perform their module actions, and exit the application.

1. USER INTERFACE

This section, usually focused on creating a user-friendly interface, is a platform where users can connect or operate data and gain access to the required knowledge. It is effortless to know, adaptable, dependable, interoperable, setting up good connections with other levels of the system, which transforms data with no of its internal details and performs a specific job precisely.

Result Management System



FIGURE 2 FRONT PAGE

THIS IS THE FRONT PAGE OF OUR INTERFACE OR SIGNUP PAGE

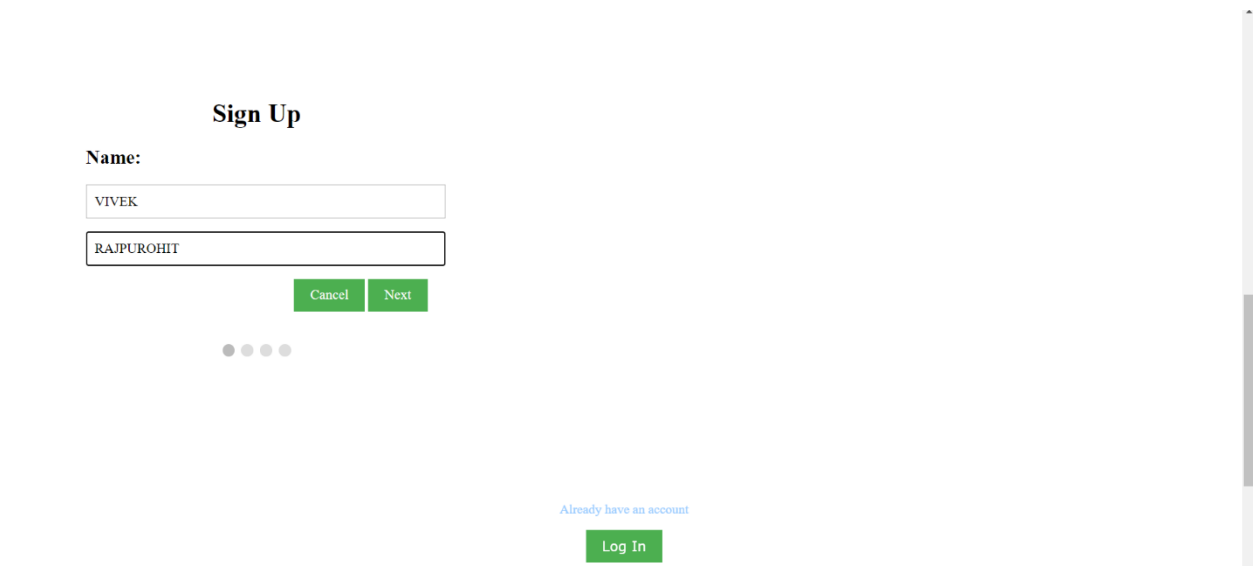


FIGURE 3 SIGNING UP PAGE

HERE USER ENTER THEIR DETAILS TO SIGN UP.

2. TESTING:

- Procedure for using the system for the purpose of detecting an error.
- Inspection is defined as the process by which the findings are incorrect, broken down, subdivided in order to correct and ensure that the product is flawless in request to deliver a high-quality product as well as consumer fulfillment.
- Value is described as the adjustment of needs
- The feature is not anything but variation from the requirements
- The feature is not anything but distraction.
- Inspection --- The presence of distractions
- Testing can detect the existence of problems, but not their presence
- Debugging and testing are not the same thing!
- Testing is an organized attempt to break the system or A.U.T.



- Correcting is an art or process of finding out wherefore a text / system is not working properly.

Methods of Testing:

- **White box** inspection is a testing procedure in which the examiner can carry out an inspection in the product with core structure information. Generally, Creators participate in white box testing.
- **Black box** checking is a testing/checking process in which the tester/developer can perform testing in the application without having to know the inside structure of the application. TestTechnologistsusually uses the black box testing.
- **Grey Box** check: a procedure in which a blend of a black box and white box methods are used.

VI. CONCLUSION AND FUTURE WORK

In conclusion, this Paper introduces a software program that can store and process student scores at the tick of a one key and present the result in the needed format. Its features have enabling the flawless enrollment, reduced cost and computer-time student results, faster production of term results for each classes and enabling faculties and administrators/admins to view all classroom term results on a single sheet which is broadsheet and summary of results for the all class, the application is very easy to use, moderately secure and enforces data integrity resulting from the use of a related database management system(DBMS). Properly implemented software design will solve problems associated with the analysis of student outcomes in educational institutions by setting up an effective computerized data processing system.

In the near future, system interaction can be improved, with attractive, collaborative and sensible images; Upgrade program via Email and SMS (Short Message Service) or email/Gmail notifications; Upgrading the present system by computer virtually all the resources offered by the institutes (online tests, enrollment, library etc.), transforming it into a complete Learning management system (LMS) ; Also modify the system by creating a few versions with user feedback, if the entire solution has not been implemented.

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