

e-ISSN: 2319-8753 | p-ISSN: 2347-6710

EDIA

#### International Journal of Innovative Research in SCIENCE | ENGINEERING | TECHNOLOGY

# INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF INNOVATIVE RESEARCH

IN SCIENCE | ENGINEERING | TECHNOLOGY

Volume 12, Issue 2, February 2023

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD SERIAL NUMBER INDIA

### Impact Factor: 8.118

9940 572 462

6381 907 438

 $\bigcirc$ 







|e-ISSN: 2319-8753, p-ISSN: 2347-6710| www.ijirset.com | Impact Factor: 8.118| A Monthly Peer Reviewed & Referred Journal |

Volume 12, Issue 2, February 2023

DOI:10.15680/IJIRSET.2023.1202019

## **Document Storage and Verification System Using Blockchain Technology: A Review**

#### Sayyad Jindavali, Dudhe Jitesh, Jadhav Shambhuraj, Daspute Krishna, Prof. Namdeo Kedare

Department of Information Technology, Dhole Patil College of Engineering Pune, India

**ABSTRACT**— Document verifiers like the Secure Doc verifier are used to check official documents like diplomas and contracts. The main goal of this model is to offer a potential remedy for certificate duplication in the educational system. Additionally, money was spent on the services of third parties for the verification process as well as time spent on the verification process itself. The suggested model provides transparency in the verification process while achieving security in the process. The blockchain network is used to build this concept in order to attain these objectives. One of the networks that is safe and open is the blockchain. In this architecture, IPFS is utilised in place of blockchain to store documents on a decentralised storage area. Any sort of data can be stored on the decentralised file storage system used by IPFS, a decentralised storage network. This model becomes more secure and private with decentralisation. not like a centralised system that claims control of the data of its users.

KEYWORDS-Blockchain, Document verification, Security, Privacy

#### I. INTRODUCTION

A Blockchain-based security management system is for providing security to the transactions and to implement the document storage and verification process in a more simpler and secured way. Blockchain technology is a new technology which is based on mathematical, cryptographic and economic principles for maintaining a database between various participants without the necessity of any third party or central authority. It is a secured distributed database, tamper evident, wherein the validity of a transaction can be verified by parties in the transaction.

One of the main tasks of the bank is to ensure information security of data of the customers, confidentiality and the state of their account to guarantee their safety and integrity, in the process of exchange and processing of information. Thus, by using the capabilities of innovative information technology i.e. the Blockchain technology information security can be achieved.

#### A. Motivation

Document verification processes are generally repetitive, incompatible, tedious and duplicated, leading to high administrative overheads and costs. A blockchain-based solution, with its immutable ledger, ease of integration, and considerably lower operational and infrastructure costs, is undeniably a better option as compared to existing processes. Students information has always raised the interest of intruders to it, so each college needs to organize the security of the data it stores i.e. the state of their data, their history, etc. Blockchain is shared distributed ledger which stores transaction to a permanent chain which is unbreakable and can be viewed by the parties in a transaction. The vulnerabilities in cyber-attacks in transaction can be over-come by this technology.

#### **II. RELATED WORK**

Literature survey is the most important step in any kind of research. Before start developing we need to study the previous papers of our domain which we are working and on the basis of study we can predict or generate the drawback and start working with the reference of previous papers.

In this section, we briefly review the related work on Block chain technology.

R.Alvaro-Hermana, J. Fraile-Ardanuy, P. J. Zufiria, L. Knapen, and D. Janssens present the concept between two arrangements of electric vehicles, which fundamentally diminish the effect of the charging procedure on the power framework amid business hours. This trading approach is also economically beneficial for all the users involved in the trading process. An activity-based approach is used to predict the daily agenda and trips of a synthetic population for Flanders (Belgium) [1].



|e-ISSN: 2319-8753, p-ISSN: 2347-6710| www.ijirset.com | Impact Factor: 8.118| A Monthly Peer Reviewed & Referred Journal |

Volume 12, Issue 2, February 2023

DOI:10.15680/IJIRSET.2023.1202019

Y. Xiao, D. Niyato, P. Wang, and Z. Han provide a study of the possible flow and functional factors that enable DET in communication networks. Various design issues on how to implement DET in practice are discussed. An ideal approach is created for delay-tolerant remote controlled correspondence organizes in which every remote powered device can masterminded its information transmission and energy exchanging activities as indicated by present and future vitality accessibility [2].

J. Kang, R. Yu, X. Huang, S. Maharjan, Y. Zhang, and E. Hossain presents a work to accomplishes request reaction by giving motivating forces to releasing PHEVs to adjust nearby power request out of their own self-interests. Be that as it may, since exchange security and security insurance issues show genuine difficulties, they investigate a promising consortium block-chain innovation to enhance exchange security without dependence on a confided in outsider. A restricted P2P Electricity Trading framework with Consortium block- chain (PETCON) strategy is proposed to represent detailed activities of limited P2P power exchanging [3].

N. Z. Aitzhan and D. Svetinovic presents a work that address the issue of providing transaction security in decentralized smart grid energy trading without confidence on trusted third parties. We have developed a proof-of-concept for decentralized energy trading system using blockchain technology, multi-signatures, and anonymous encrypted messaging flows, enabling peers to anonymously negotiate energy prices and securely perform trading transactions [4].

M. Mihaylov, S. Jurado, N. Avellana, K. Van Moffaert, I. M. de Abril, and A. Now presents a work that shows decentralized computerized cash, called NRG-coin. Prosumers in the smart grid framework exchange privately made sustainable power source utilizing NRG-coins, the estimation of which is indented on an open cash trade advertise. Like Bit-coins, this money proposes various favorable circumstances over fiat cash, however not at all like Bit-coins it is made by infusing vitality into the matrix, as opposed to giving vitality on computational influence. Likewise, they make a novel exchanging worldview for purchasing and offering environmentally friendly power vitality in the smart grid network [5].

S. Barber et al presents a work that Bit-coin is isolated computerized cash which has pulled in a significant number of clients. They play out a top to bottom examination to comprehend what made Bit-coin so effective, while many years of research on cryptographic e-money have not prompt a vast scale appropriation. They ask additionally how Bit-coin could turn into a decent contender for seemingly perpetual stable money [6].

I. Alqassem et al presents a work that Bit-coin is constantly improved by an open source network, and different Bit-coin libraries, APIs, and elective usage are being created. All things considered, there is no up and coming convention contrast or design portrayal since the authority whitepaper was distributed. The work demonstrates an a la mode convention detail and design investigation of the Bit-coin framework. We play out this examination as the initial move towards determination of the cryptographic currency reference design [7].

K. Croman et al presents a work that the expanding fame of block-chain-based digital forms of money has made versatility an essential and earnest obligation. The work ponders how essential and incidental bottlenecks in Bit-coin restrict the ability of its present distributed overlay system to help generously higher throughputs and lower latencies. These outcomes propose that re-parameterization of square size and interruption ought to be seen just as a first augmentation toward accomplishing people to come, high-stack block-chain conventions, and real advances will moreover require a fundamental reevaluating of specialized ways [8].

G. W. Peters and E. Panayi presents a work which give a diagram of the idea of block-chain innovation and its capacity to disturb the universe of managing an account through encouraging worldwide cash settlement, shrewd contracts, mechanized keeping money records and advanced resources. In such manner, they first give a concise outline of the center parts of this innovation, and in addition the second-age contract-based improvements [9].

L. Luu et al presents a work which gives another circulated understanding convention for authorization less blockchains called ELASTICO. ELASTICO scales exchange rates straightly with accessible estimation for mining: the more the calculation control in the system, the higher the quantity of exchange squares chosen per unit time. ELASTICO is productive in its system messages and permit complex foes of up to one-fourth of the aggregate computational power [10].

L SET

|e-ISSN: 2319-8753, p-ISSN: 2347-6710| www.ijirset.com | Impact Factor: 8.118| A Monthly Peer Reviewed & Referred Journal |

|| Volume 12, Issue 2, February 2023 ||

| DOI:10.15680/IJIRSET.2023.1202019 |

#### **III. PROPOSED SYSTEM**



#### Fig. System Architecture

- In proposed system, we implement a block chain Based document storage an verification system, in which each customer upload a data files and encrypts these data with corresponding key.
- ◆ To implement both security preservation and relevant searches, we propose an effective search scheme.
- In this framework, the server is permitted to viably combine various encrypted records, and safely play out the pursuit without uncovering the user sensitive data, neither information documents nor the questions.

#### **IV. CONCLUSION**

In many ways, Blockchain today is comparable to where the Internet was in early 20s. The development of information technology and electronic business every day has an increasingly significant impact on all spheres of the modern life. Blockchain technology is designed to change the traditional perception of how people interact through a network. The main advantage of the Blockchain technology is the complete synchronization of processes, integrity and uniqueness of all processed information, regardless of mining and tokens. Blockchain technology helps to improve distributed databases in terms of storage, synchronization, loss and integrity of data.

Its early days, but industry leaders are sponsoring a wide range of blockchain use cases supported by industry consortiums. Having seen the potential of this technology and the challenges, we think the opportunity is clear but the blue sky is too far off and companies need to validate use cases and business/technical viability before implementing blockchain.

#### ACKNOWLEDGMENT

Express my true sense of gratitude, sincere and sincere gratitude to my guide to the project Prof.\*\*\*\*\* for his precious collaboration and guidance that he gave me during my research, to inspire me and provide me with all the laboratory facilities, This it allowed me to carry out this research work in a very simple and practical way. I would also like to express my thanks and thanks to our coordinator, Prof.\*\*\*\*\*, HOD. Prof. \*\*\*\*\* and Principle Dr. \*\*\*\*\* and all my friends who, knowingly or unknowingly, helped me during my hard work.

#### REFERENCES

- 1. R. Alvaro-Hermana, J. Fraile-Ardanuy, P. J. Zufiria, L. Knapen, and D. Janssens, "Peer to peer energy trading with electric vehicles," IEEE Intell. Transp. Syst. Mag., vol. 8, no., pp. 33–44, Fall 2016.
- 2. Y. Xiao, D. Niyato, P. Wang, and Z. Han, "Dynamic energy trading for wireless powered communication networks," IEEE Commun. Mag., vol. 54, no. 11, pp. 158–164, Nov. 2016.
- J. Kang, R. Yu, X. Huang, S. Maharjan, Y. Zhang, and E. Hossain, "Enabling localized peer-to-peer electricity trading among plug-in hybrid electric vehicles using consortium blockchains," IEEE Trans. Ind. Informat., vol. 13, no. 6, pp. 3154–3164, Dec. 2017.



e-ISSN: 2319-8753, p-ISSN: 2347-6710 www.ijirset.com | Impact Factor: 8.118 A Monthly Peer Reviewed & Referred Journal |

#### Volume 12, Issue 2, February 2023

| DOI:10.15680/LJIRSET.2023.1202019 |

- 4. N. Z. Aitzhan and D. Svetinovic, "Security and privacy in decentralized energy trading through multi-signatures, blockchain and anonymous messaging streams," IEEE Trans. Depend. Sec. Comput.
- 5. M. Mihaylov, S. Jurado, N. Avellana, K. Van Moffaert, I. M. de Abril, and A. Now, "Nrgcoin: Virtual currency for trading of renewable energy in smart grids," in Proc. IEEE 11the Int. Conf. Eur. Energy Market, 2014, pp. 1–6.
- 6. S. Barber et al, "Bitter to better-how to make bitcoin a better currency," in Proc. Int. Conf. Financial Cryptography Data Security, 2012, pp. 399–414.
- Alqassem et al., "Towards reference architecture for cryptocurrencies: Bitcoin architectural analysis," in Proc. IEEE Internet Things, IEEE Int. Conf. Green Comput. Commun. IEEE Cyber, Physical Social Comput. 2014, pp. 436– 443.
- 8. K. Croman et al., "On scaling decentralized blockchains," in Proc. Int. Conf. Financial Cryptography Data Security, 2016, pp. 106–125.
- 9. G. W. Peters and E. Panayi, "Understanding modern banking ledgers through blockchain technologies: Future of transaction processing and smart contracts on the internet of money," in Banking Beyond Banks and Money. New York, NY, USA: Springer-Verlag, 2016, pp. 239–278.
- 10. L. Luu et al., "A secure sharding protocol for open blockchains," Proc. ACM SIGSAC Conf. Comput. Commun. Security, 2016, pp. 17–30.





Impact Factor: 8.118





## INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF INNOVATIVE RESEARCH

IN SCIENCE | ENGINEERING | TECHNOLOGY





www.ijirset.com