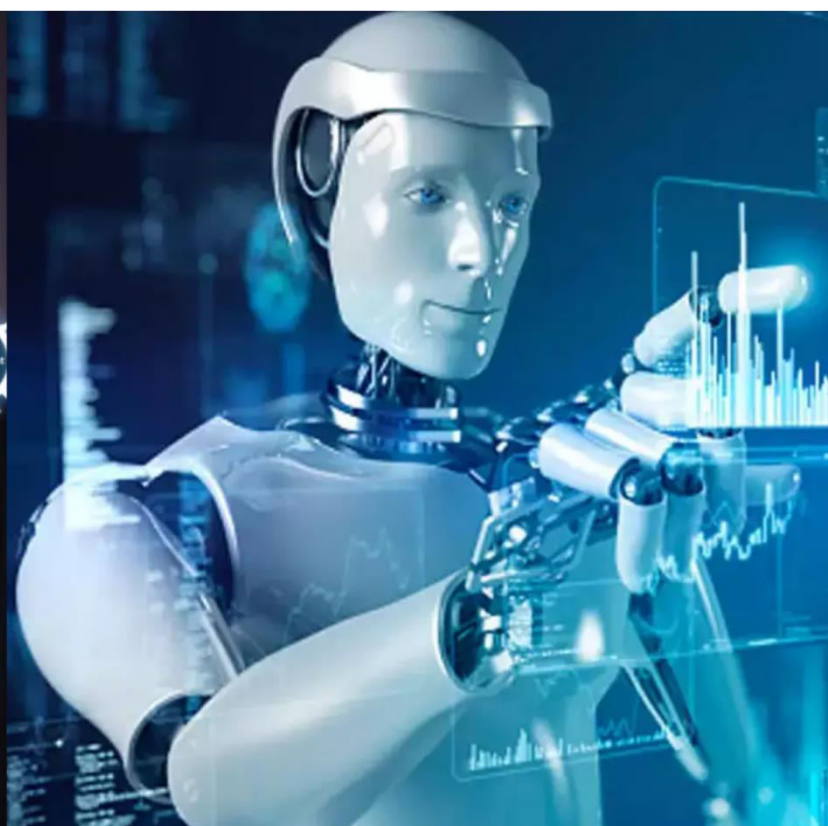




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# Crowd Sourced Collaborative Water Problem Mapping

Sucheta Navale<sup>1</sup>, Soham Bajare<sup>2</sup>, Siddharth Bhailume<sup>3</sup>, Akshay Gawde<sup>4</sup>,

Assistant Professor, Department of Computer Engineering, Sinhgad Institute of Technology and Science, Pune,  
Maharashtra, India<sup>1</sup>

SPPU, Department of Computer Engineering, Sinhgad Institute of Technology and Science, Pune, Maharashtra,  
India<sup>2,3,4</sup>

**ABSTRACT:** Water scarcity, pollution, flooding, and uneven distribution are major global challenges, impacting communities, ecosystems, and economies alike. In response, the Crowdsourced Collaborative Water Problem Mapping project leverages the collective knowledge of communities to create an accessible platform for reporting and visualizing water-related issues in real time. This platform allows individuals, local communities, researchers, and policymakers to contribute data on water challenges, from polluted sources to areas at risk of flooding, building a comprehensive and localized view of these issues. The platform features an interactive public map where users can view and analyze the reported data, encouraging transparency and collaboration. This user-generated data can inform local authorities, NGOs, and researchers, who may use it to guide targeted interventions, allocate resources more effectively, and develop sustainable strategies. By empowering communities to take an active role in water resource management, this project fosters a collaborative approach to addressing water challenges, ensuring a healthier environment and more sustainable future.

**KEYWORDS:** Crowdsourcing, Water Issues, Collaborative Mapping, Real-Time Data, Public Health, Community Engagement.

## I. INTRODUCTION

Water is one of the most essential resources on the planet, yet communities worldwide continue to face numerous water-related challenges, including scarcity, contamination, inefficient distribution, and flooding. Addressing these complex problems requires comprehensive and collaborative efforts that harness both local knowledge and advanced technology. The project —CROWD SOURCED COLLABORATIVE WATER PROBLEM MAPPING— aims to tackle these issues by developing a platform that allows individuals and communities to collectively report and map water problems in real-time. By leveraging crowdsourcing, geospatial technologies, and mobile applications, the system encourages users to contribute data related to water issues, such as polluted water sources, waterlogging, or areas prone to flooding. This user-generated content is then analyzed and visualized on an interactive map, providing critical insights into problem hotspots. The ability to capture localized water issues from diverse geographical locations can help government agencies, NGOs, and environmental groups to better allocate resources and prioritize solutions.

By empowering individuals to participate in the identification of local water issues, the platform provides a comprehensive, up-to-date view of global water challenges. This crowdsourced information, coupled with advanced geospatial analysis and machine learning, enhances the ability to detect, visualize, and respond to water-related problems, paving the way for more sustainable water resource management practices globally.

## II. PROPOSED SYSTEM

The block diagram in Fig. 1 gives an overview of the steps involved in the water problem mapping system. It shows how different components interact to achieve the goal of identifying, reporting, and resolving water-related issues. The workflow for Water Problem Mapping works in following manner.

#### 1. User Interaction:

- Visit Website- Users visit the website to access the water problem reporting platform.
- Submit Report: Users can submit reports about water-related issues, providing details such as location, description, and images.
- Upvote/Downvote Report: Users can interact with existing reports by upvoting or downvoting them.
- Submit Feedback: Users can provide feedback on the resolution of reported issues.

#### 2. Data Processing:

- Store Report: The system stores the submitted reports in a database.
- Update Vote Count: The system updates the vote count for each report based on user interactions.
- Check Upvote Threshold: The system monitors the number of up votes for each report and triggers a notification if the threshold is met.

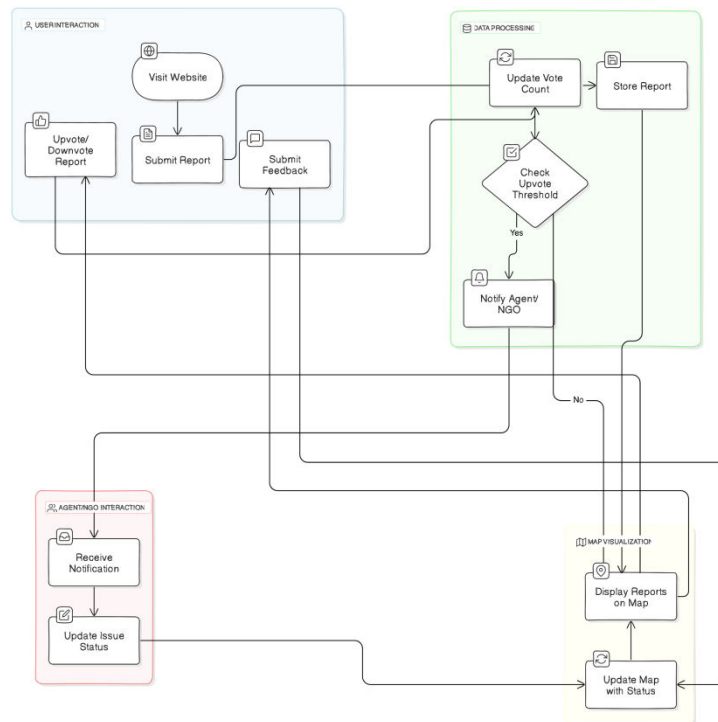


Fig: System Architecture

#### 3. Agent/NGO Interaction-

- Notify Agent/NGO: If a report reaches the upvote threshold, a notification is sent to the relevant government agency or NGO.
- Receive Notification: The government agent or NGO receives the notification and reviews the reported issue.
- Update Issue Status: The agent/NGO updates the status of the issue (e.g., resolved, unresolved) in the system.

#### 4. Map Visualization-

- Display Reports on Map: The system displays reported water issues on an interactive map, providing a visual representation of their locations.
- Update Map with Status: The system updates the map to reflect the current status of each reported issue



### III. SCREENSHOTS

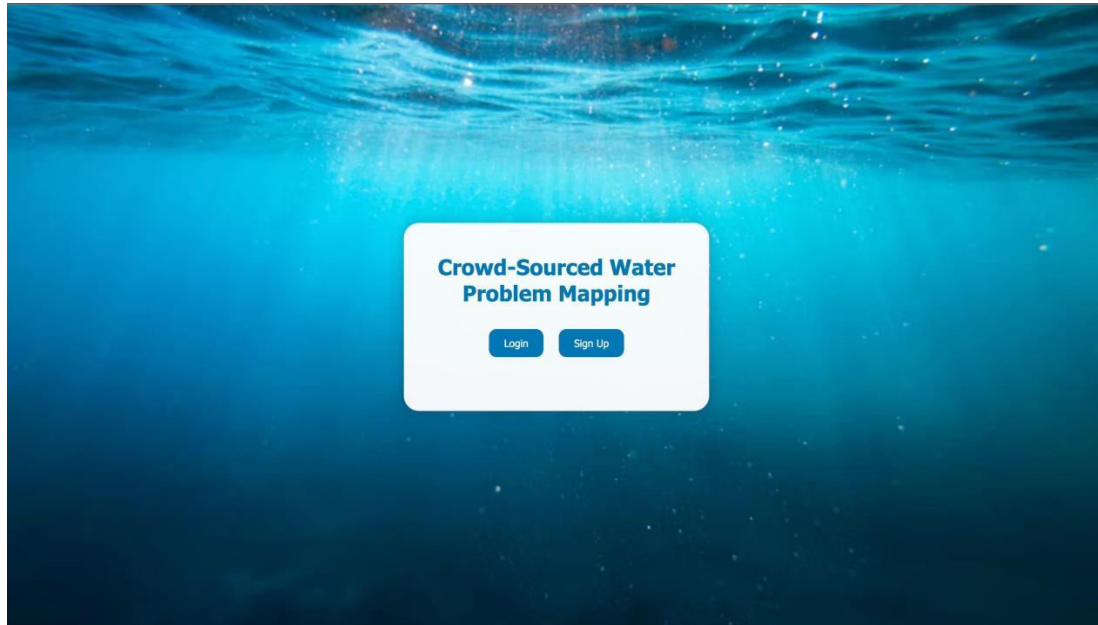


Fig. Log in page

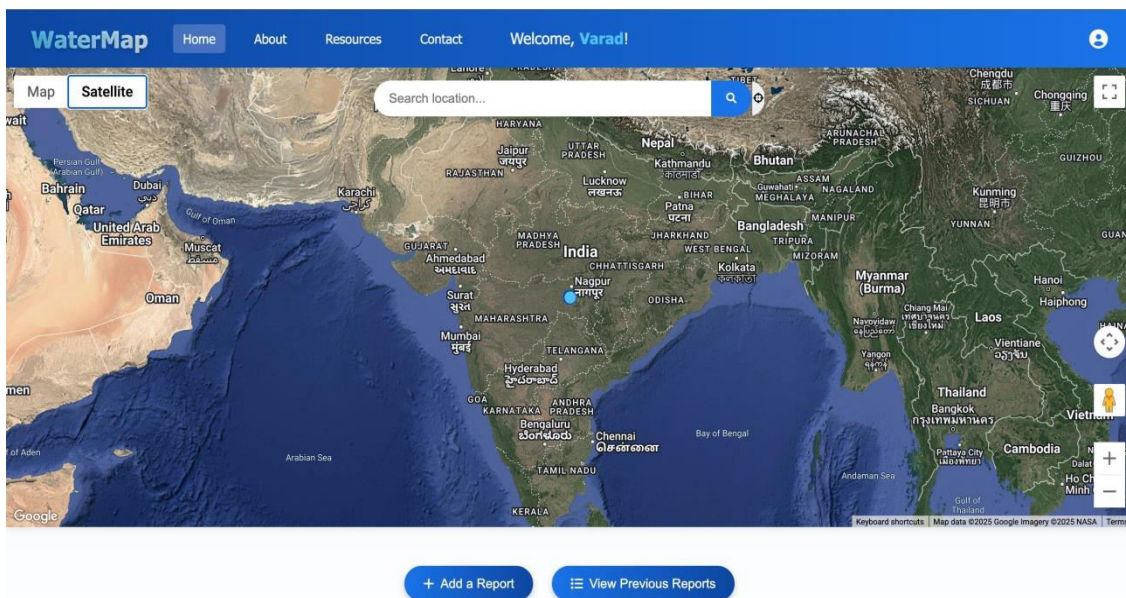


Fig. map view

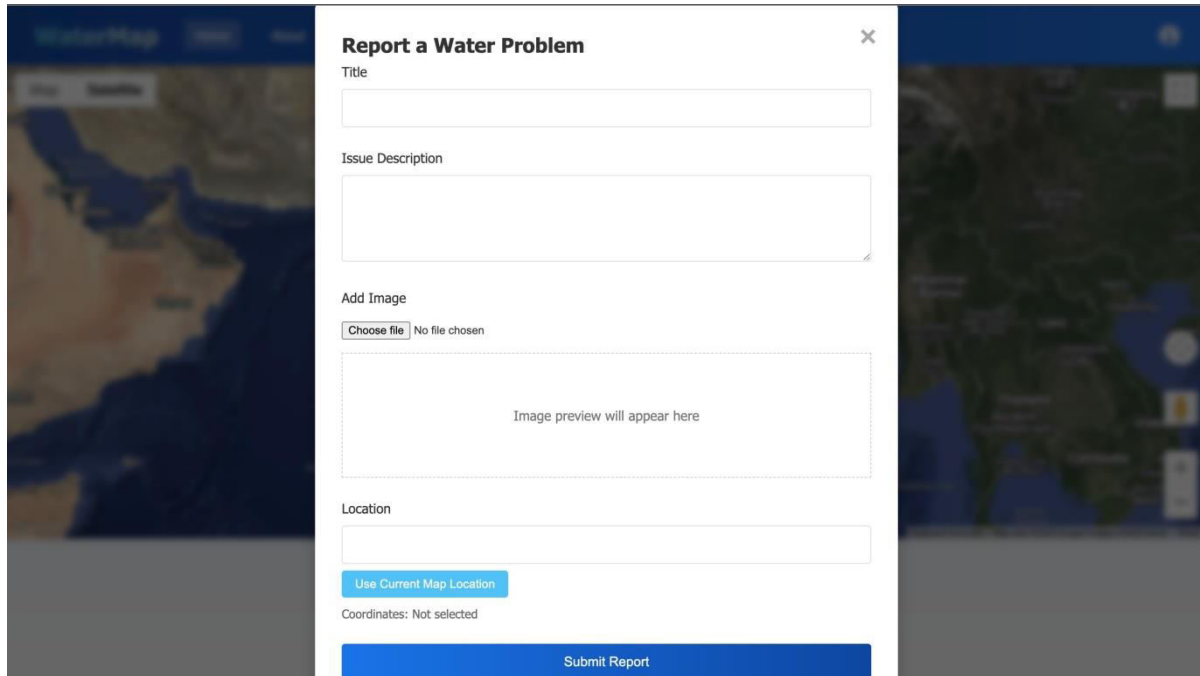


Fig. Report Form

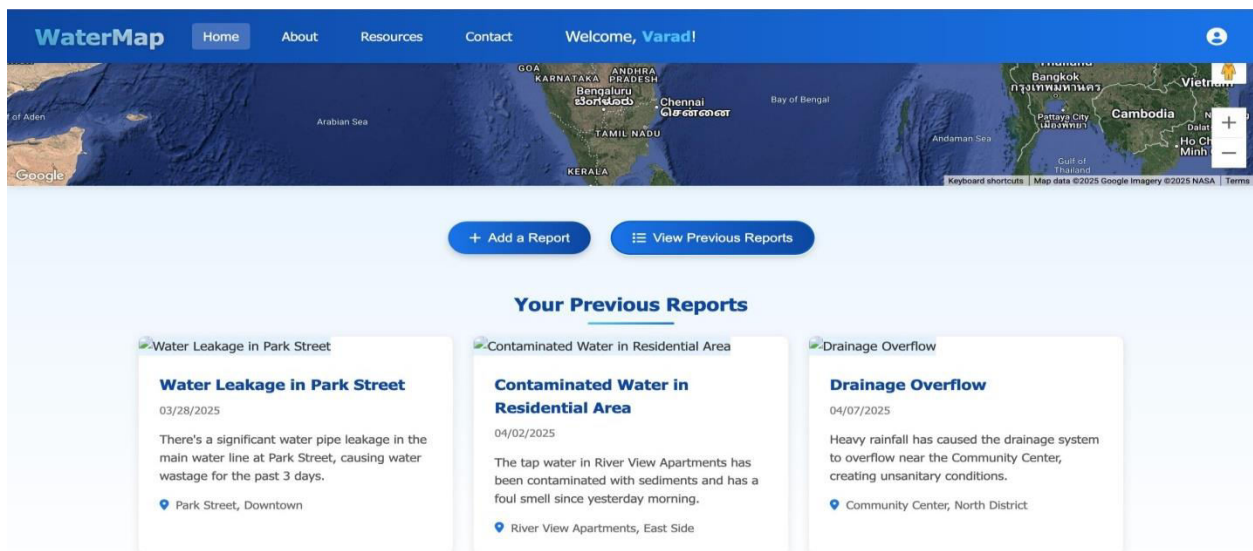


Fig. Reports

#### **IV. CONCLUSION**

The water problem mapping project is a community-oriented platform designed to address key water-related issues such as contamination, shortages, and areas prone to flooding. By enabling users to report and view real-time information about local water concerns, the project brings together communities, researchers, and authorities in a collaborative effort to tackle these challenges. The map visualizations generated by this crowd-sourced data offer critical insights, helping authorities identify problem areas quickly and make data-driven decisions on interventions. This approach not only raises public awareness about local water quality but also empowers people to actively participate in environmental stewardship. As a result, the project fosters a more engaged and informed society, creating a pathway for sustainable water management practices that can positively impact communities and enhance overall water resource resilience.

#### **V. FUTURE SCOPE**

As future work, further research and development efforts can focus on enhancing the system's scalability, accuracy, and real-time responsiveness. Expanding the platform's capabilities to support predictive analytics using AI/ML can help forecast potential water-related issues based on historical data and environmental trends. Integration with IoT sensors, such as smart water meters or water quality monitoring devices, can enable automatic reporting and validation of problems. Additionally, incorporating mobile app support and multilingual interfaces can improve accessibility for a broader demographic. Future enhancements may also include real-time alert systems for critical issues, improved coordination tools for government/NGO agents, and data-sharing APIs for integration with municipal systems. Ultimately, by fostering greater community engagement and leveraging modern technologies, this platform can contribute to smarter, faster, and more transparent water resource management.

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